

APPENDIX 2

AIC Contaminant Sensitive List

Before handling any goods contained within the contaminant sensitive list, TASCC participants must check legal and customer terms and conditions.

If a TASCC participant has any doubts over an unfamiliar product before transporting or storing, they must obtain a Product Specification Sheet and send to AIC for further clarification.

1 PRESSURE CLEANING/SANITISING

Lorries must be pressure cleaned with a 1% hot (70-80C) solution of a combined sanitiser suitable for use on food/feed contact surfaces after they are used for carrying the goods listed below. The vehicle sheet must also be pressure cleaned in this way. The vehicle and sheet must be drained and dry before re-use for other loads. Proof will be required to be given that appropriate cleaning operations have been undertaken and they must be recorded on the consignment note of a subsequent load.

<p>Permitted Category 3 Processed animal proteins produced in accordance with Regulation No EU 1069/2009 and Regulation No EU 142/2011</p> <p>Before transporting any Category 3 Processed Animal proteins, TASCC participants are advised to check legal and customer requirements.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • milk, milk-based products, milk-derived products, colostrum and colostrum products • eggs and egg products • collagen and gelatine of non-ruminant origin • blood products derived from non-ruminants for feeding to farmed non-ruminants in accordance with Regulation No EU 999/2001 as amended; • hydrolysed proteins derived from parts of non-ruminants, or ruminant hides and skins; • dicalcium phosphate and tricalcium phosphate of animal origin derived from non-ruminants for feeding to farmed non-ruminants in accordance with Regulation No EU 999/2001 as amended; • Fishmeal; <p>Processed animal proteins derived from farmed insects in accordance with Regulation No EU 999/2001 as amended.</p>
<p>Category 3 animal fats and oils (including Tallows)</p>	<p>Processed in accordance with Regulation No EU 1069/2009 and Regulation No EU 142/2011</p> <p>Before transporting any Category 3 animal fats and oils (including Tallows), TASCC participants are advised to check legal and customer requirements.</p>
<p>Vegetable Food Factory Used Cooking Oils (UCO)</p>	<p>Before transporting any used cooking oils, TASCC participants are advised to check legal and customer requirements.</p>
<p>Any product known to be salmonella positive</p>	

Food stuffs of vegetable origin considered unsuitable for human consumption	for reasons of freshness
Packaging and parts of packaging from products used in agriculture or the food industry	
Silage	
Strong smelling materials	excluding fishmeals (see 7 – Fishmeal) – Strong smelling materials should normally be carried in dedicated vehicles which are not used for transporting other goods, because cross-contamination or taint of subsequent loads can lead to rejection and substantial claims for which the haulier may be held liable.

NB: Hauliers may find that some customers may not accept goods in vehicles which have carried these materials.

2 WASHING / BRUSHING / VACUUMING

Proof will be required to be given that appropriate cleaning operations have been undertaken when the following materials have been carried prior to the carriage of goods covered by this Code. In most cases where the material is dry thorough brushing or vacuuming will be sufficient. However if the material is caked or damp, washing will be necessary

Clean and un-used rubber bedding	including playground and arena mixes
Coal/fly ash/coal by-products	Before delivering or collecting Oil Seed Rape, check with customer the correct cleaning regime. Ash may contain Mammalian Protein and would be classified as Forbidden Material.
Fertiliser	Fertiliser may contain Mammalian Protein and would be classified as Forbidden Material
First time quarried aggregates/stone	not including bitumous or recycled products (see exclusion list)
Medicated feed products	
New tyres	
Peat	
Sand (First time quarried/ clean/builders sand)	
Salt	
Sheeted/Unsheeted Root crops and fruit	

Untreated wood, sawdust or other materials derived from wood	
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3 MOIST CO-PRODUCTS

Vehicles that carry moist co-products must be clean and have any excess moisture removed before loading.

Vehicles used for the delivery of moist co-products must be cleaned and sanitised with a food grade sanitiser every three weeks as a minimum. This cleaning must include load carrying areas and the sheet inside and out.

Vehicles that carry moist co-products must be washed/brushed/dried before carrying dry products.

4 INFESTED PRODUCTS

Vehicles which have carried infested products must be thoroughly steam cleaned. The vehicle sheet must also be steam cleaned in this way. The vehicle's load carrying area and sheet must be drained and dry before re-use for other loads. Proof will be required to be given that appropriate cleaning operations have been undertaken and they must be recorded on the consignment note of a subsequent load. The use of smoke bombs is not likely to be effective and is not recommended.

5 MATERIALS CAUSING ALLERGIC REACTIONS

EU legislation (Directive 2007/68/EC) identifies several groups of materials as causing allergic reactions in some people. In certain cases these reactions can cause severe anaphylactic shock, which can be fatal.

Participants must check and comply with individual customers policies/requirements/terms and conditions before handling any of the following products:

- Crustacean and products thereof
- Eggs and products thereof
- Fish and products thereof
- Peanuts and products thereof
- Milk and products thereof
- Nuts

i.e. Almond (*Amygdalus communis* L.), Hazelnut (*Corylus avellana*), Walnut (*Juglans regia*), Cashew (*Anacardium occidentale*), Pecan (*Carya illinoensis* (Wangenh.) K. Koch), Brazil (*Bertholletia excelsa*), Pistachio (*Pistacia vera*), Macadamia/Queensland (*Macadamia ternifolia*) and products thereof.

For example, Peanuts, Nuts and Sesame Seeds can be found in products such as confectionary waste (biscuit meal, animal feed blends, chocolate bars, cereal bars and some bread products) (Be aware that products described as nuts (e.g. "Sugar Beet Nuts") must not be confused with nuts as defined above as they are not necessarily allergens. As part of their due diligence, Hauliers must provide clear evidence to customers of the difference)

- Celery and products thereof
- Mustard and products thereof
- Sesame seeds and products thereof
- Sulphur dioxide and sulphites at concentrations of more than 10mg/kg or 10mg/litre expressed as SO₂
- Lupin seeds and products thereof
- Molluscs and products thereof

(Cereals containing gluten (i.e. wheat, rye, barley, oats, spelt, kamut and their hybridized strains) and Soya are also identified in EU legislation as causing allergic reaction)

6 ORGANIC AND GENETICALLY MODIFIED GOODS

6.1 Organic Goods

Hauliers must check individual companies' policies before carrying organic goods.

6.2 Genetically Modified Goods

Hauliers must check individual companies' policies before carrying genetically modified goods.

7 FISHMEAL/FISH OIL

Only fishmeal/fish oil which has been produced in plants authorised by the competent authority, in accordance with the Animal By-Products Regulations 2005, is permitted to be carried under this Code.

(NB: Attitudes towards and acceptance of fishmeal differ between end-user companies. Hauliers must check individual companies' policies before carrying this commodity).

If a vehicle is used for the transport of fishmeal and is subsequently used for the transport of other goods intended for:-

- **Non ruminant animal feed materials or finished feeds** - It must be thoroughly cleaned, in accordance with section 2 of this list and inspected before and after the transport of the fishmeal.
- **All other purposes** - It must be thoroughly cleaned and sanitised, in accordance with section 1 of this list and inspected after the transport of the fishmeal. This is particularly important where the goods may be used for human consumption.

8 NATURALLY OCCURRING PROHIBITED SUBSTANCES (NOPS)

Naturally Occurring Prohibited Substances (NOPS) are defined as "either naturally present within certain feed ingredients or occur as a result of inadvertent cross contamination during growing (as weed seeds) or processing, and are listed in the BETA NOPS Scheme".

Examples of materials that NOPS are commonly found in include bakery and biscuit products, confectionary and poppies (seeds, heads and straw). The NOPS Scheme aims to reduce the risk of contamination of horse feed from NOPS at every stage of the supply chain, from field to finished product. Hauliers must confirm the compatibility of previous loads transported with their customer to meet the requirements of BETA customers regarding NOPS.

Further details can be found from BETA – <http://www.beta-uk.org/pages/feed-safety/beta-nops-scheme.php>