### Hazard vs Risk

RISK = HAZARD × EXPOSURE

### Hazard is not the same as risk.

There is often confusion between the terms hazard & risk, causing them to be used incorrectly. There is a fundamental difference between the two.



### The Importance of Dosage

— **REMEMBER** — It's the dose that makes the poison

Many substances that are vital in small amounts can be lethal in large doses.

----- HERE'S AN EXAMPLE -----



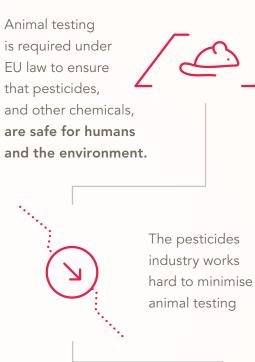
Many fruits including **pears** naturally contain

> **formaldehyde** (0.0001g/kg)

BUT 57g of salt is considered a fatal dose for a child. BUT Formaldehyde can be deadly if consumed at high concentrations.

Ingestion of as little as 30ml of a solution containing 37% formaldehyde has been reported to cause death in adults.<sup>1</sup>

## **Animal Testing**



by applying intelligent testing strategies, in line with ECPA's commitment to the "3 R's Principle":



# **Pesticides:**

A guide to the stringent scientific testing required by EU Regulation

Research

Approval

Pesticides are some of the most rigorously tested chemical products in the world.

ecpa.eu 🞔 @cropprotection



<sup>1</sup>Medical Management Guidelines for Formaldehyde

### Research

Each pesticide manufacturer has its own unique research strategy to find potentially suitable, safe chemicals.



PHASE 2

Development

Much of the testing in this phase will

consider the safety for humans, animals

and the environment, it is often designed

### Approval and Registration

Before a substance is approved in the EU, more than 100 specific tests are conducted to ensure its safety.



A company submits test & study results to a designated national authority for approval

The evaluation is carried out by one Member State

Reviewed by EFSA and all the other European Food Safety Authority Member States

And is approved by the **European Commission** 



## **Reviews** and Controls

A substance approval or product registration may be reviewed by authorities at any time in light of new scientific evidence.

> Older products must be routinely reviewed by both the manufacturer and the authorities to ensure that they meet the most up to date safety standards.

BETWEEN
2010-2014
this cost
increased to
€215 million
11.7% increase

#### Source:

The Core of New Agrochemical Product Discovery, Development and Registration in 1995, 2005-8 and 2010 to 2014. Phillips McDougall. March 2016.